

INTERNET OF THINGS Introduction into Scientific Work

Prof. Dr. Oliver Hahm 2024-10-28

AGENDA



- Organizational
- Scientific Work
- Presentations
- Scientific Writing



ORGANIZATIONAL

REGISTRATION



- You have to register for the course via the HIS (deadline to be announced)
- Registrations are **binding** ⇒ you cannot withdraw from a registration after this date
- If you do not register before the deadline you cannot pass the course



STUDENT ADVISORY SERVICE FACULTY 2

FOR SUCCESS IN YOUR STUDIES



Workshops

www.frankfurt-university.de/start-fb2



StudyCompass

www.frankfurt-university.de/studycompass



Instagram: @ study.compass **CampUAS:** StudyCompass

E-Mail: INFO-LETTER **RSS-Feed:** subscribe

Student mentoring

www.frankfurt-university.de/mentoring-fb2



Study counseling

www.frankfurt-university.de/studienberatung-fb2

INDIVIDUAL (STUDY) ADVICE



Your student advisors for the Fb 2: Rieke Jürgensen & Anja Ruhland

They offer you support in all matters relating to your studies!

Advice on

- effective learning
- course of studies
- study and future planning
- financing your studies & scholarships
- important life decisions
- and many other topics

To the appointment booking portal:

https://www.frankfurt-university.de/studienberatung-fb2







- November 09, 2024 and December 07, 2024:
 Academic Writing and Working
- January 18, 2025: Presenting in English



SCIENTIFIC WORK

HOW TO APPROACH YOUR SCIENTIFIC WORK?



How would you start?
What are your biggest uncertainties right now?

SEMINAR WORKFLOW



- 1. Choose your research area
- 2. Survey the area
- 3. Browse the literature
 - Make notes!
- 4. Identify a relevant research question
- 5. Prepare your presentation
- 6. Write your report
 - Start early!

WHAT TO READ?



What should I read?
Where do I find it?

RESEARCH LITERATURE



What?

- Browse generic sources (blog articles, magazines, Wikipedia etc.)
- Scientific papers
- Standards/Protocol specifications
- Technical documentation

Where?

- Library
- Google Scholar
- ResearchGate
- Search engine of your choice



How do you properly build upon existing research

"STANDING ON THE SHOULDERS OF GIANTS"



Correct Citation

- Back your statements
- Insert a reference for any direct or indirect citation
- Direct citations must be marked with quotation marks
- Use a consistent citation style

TYPES OF PUBLICATIONS



Content/Style

- Original Research
- Review/Survey Article
- Position/Opinion Paper
- Case Study
- Problem Statement

Format/Publication

- Conference/Workshop Proceedings
- Journal Paper
- Short Paper
- Poster
- Demo
- Non-scientific Publication



PRESENTATIONS

PRESENTATION FORMAT



- Presentations will happen during the semester
- One or two presentations per session
- Each presentation should be 20–25 minutes + 5 minutes Q+A

We all want to learn something

- → Infotain us!
- → Participate!



What is a good presentation?

PREPARING YOUR PRESENTATION



- Tell a story!
 - Focus on the key points/highlights
- Uncritical brainstorming, critical selection
- Focus on the content first, then on the format
 (→ slides)
- What does the audience need to know to follow your presentation
- Make the audience interested in your work
 - Motivate your topic
 - Convince them that your paper is worth reading
 - Ensure they understand why you present each piece of information
- Target your audience



Photo by Lala Azizli on Unsplash

PRESENTING YOUR WORK



- Start with an appealing introduction (→ question, example ...)
- Rule of thumb: \approx one slide per minute
- Time management is crucial
- Keep your slides lean: the less text, the better
- Leave out any non-essential detail
- Use pictures (→ but mind the license)
- User appropriate headlines
- Do not leave anyone behind
- Conclude your talk



Own work

TYPICAL STRUCTURE



- Motivation
- Overview over your talk
- Related work
- Contribution
- Key insights (or evaluation)
- Conclusion

KEEP IN MIND!



- There is no need for n+1 introductions into IoT!
- Name the (or at least some) challenges for your field
- You're doing it for the rest of the course not for me
- Don't convert your report into a presentation

When using slides

- Don't forget the page numbers
- Prepare and present an agenda

CHECKLIST WRT THE CONTENT



What is the key thing the audience should remember?
☐ Is there enough background material for the intended audience?
Is any material unnecessary? Could some of the material be left for peop to read about later?
☐ Is the talk self-contained? Is it appropriate to an audience of mixed background?
☐ Is the length appropriate? Is the structure right for the length?
☐ Does the talk have a motivating preamble?
☐ Is the talk balanced, without too much time given to any one element?
Are complex issues explained in gentle stages?
☐ Are the results explained? Is the impact of the results made clear?
☐ What were the limitations of the research? Where are they discussed?

CHECKLIST WRT THE SLIDES



Have you found good tools, or methods, for drafting a talk? Are figures uncluttered, with legible, horizontal text? Is there any unnecessary animation? Is the style appropriate, or flashy? Are the font sizes reasonable? Are the numbers necessary? Are more diagrams needed? Are the slides simple? Do they have unnecessary ornamentation or distracting use of colour? Does each figure illustrate a major point? Does it illustrate the point unambiguously? Are there enough examples? Do you have the right to use the figures and illustrations?

CHECKLIST WRT THE PRESENTATION



Have you prepared something to say about each slide? Do you explain why the research is interesting or important? Is there a clear conclusion? Have you rehearsed the talk? What mechanisms are you using to keep yourself to time? Have you memorized the talk? If you are asked a question you can't answer, how will you respond? Have you rehearsed your manner? Will your enthusiasm show? Do you know how to use the equipment?



SCIENTIFIC WRITING

WRITING A PAPER



- Define the scope
- Develop a red thread
- First Draft
- Iterations and getting feedback
- Polishing



ORGANIZATION



- Title and authors (with affiliation and contact data)
- Abstract
- Introduction (including a TOC)
- Body
- Conclusion
- Optional: Outlook
- Bibliography

STRUCTURE



Example Structure (Survey)

- Introduction
- Definition of key terms
- Classification/Categorization
- Case studies
- Discussion
- Conclusion

VISUALIZATIONS





- Graphs and figures can help understanding
- Tables are valuable for categorizations and comparisons
- Always put captions and labels to graphs, figures, and tables
- Refer to them in the text
- Readability is key!

STYLE



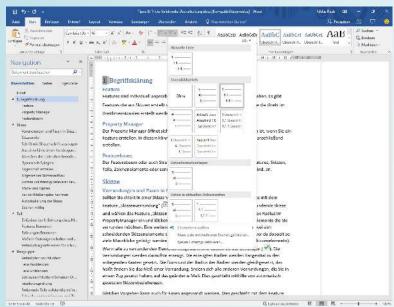
- Be concise
- Be objective and accurate
- Keep sentences and paragraphs short
- Use a simple language
- Avoid indirect (passive) statements



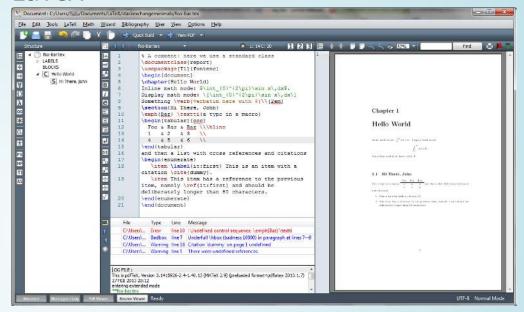




Microsoft Word



LaTeX



Happy writing!







Any Questions?